

2023 FRAMEWORK TRAINING PLAN FOR THE TOUR DU MONT BLANC FIG. 1: TRAINING FOCUS

| Month | Week | Macro cycle | Meso cycle | 1 | Training | load (| volume) | * | Training Focus | Rationale |
|-------|------|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | |
| Nov | 44 | | | | | | | | This is not a plan, but a framework and a set of guidelines. It remains your responsibil | ity to think carefully about what is most appropriate for you. |
| | 45 | | | | | | | | ON THE BIKE | ON THE BIKE 1. Consistency is vital if you are to make progress 2. Aerobic endurance is by far the most important quality you need to build. If you ride too hard you will create too much fatigue for too little benefit. 3. Improved fat-burning capacity will enable you to conserve glycogen and ride harder for longer 4. A polarised training intensity distribution has been shown to be more effective than alternatives 5. One HIT session per week will help increase your power at all durations as well as your pain tolerance 6. You get stronger during recovery, NOT during training. High-intensity training |
| | 46 | | P1 | | | | | | | |
| | 47 | | | | | | | | 1. Be consistent: aim at training 10-15h per week on average. 2. Aee 2. Develop your aerobic endurance: increase your weekly long ride progressively to 6- ride t 7. h, riding at low intensity (below the first lactate threshold LT1). 3. Im 3. Develop your far-burning capacity through moderating your carb intake and hard of avoiding food for the first 2-3h of a long ride. Avoid eating on all rides shorter than 2h. 4. Af 4. Aim at a polarised training intensity distribution 90/10 low/high than 5. Include one HIT session per week 5. On 6. Make sure you are getting adequate recovery. Monitor RHR and HRV to guide your pi whether or not to do a high-intensity or high-volume session. 6. You | |
| Dec | 48 | | | | | く | | | | |
| | 49 | | P2 | 5 | | | | | | |
| | 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 51 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 52 | Preparation (Polarised) | | | | 7 | | | | |
| | 1 | | P4 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Jan | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | | | brings little or no benefit when your HRV is below normal levels. 7. This is the best time to build technical skills. | | |
| | 4 | | | | | 2 | | | 7. This is the best time to | |
| | 5 | | | < | | | | | | ОҒҒ ТНЕ ВІКЕ |
| | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb | 7 | | P4 | | | | | | | |
| | 8 | | | | | | | | | 1. Gym exercises to improve leg and core strength will make you an all-round |
| | 9 | Pre-competition (Polarised) | | | < | | | | 2. Flexibility and stretching: 20 mins 2-3/week | stronger cyclist. 2. Maintaining flexibility is essential to pedal efficiently and avoid injury. 3. Doing the occasional walk, run or swim uses your muscles differently, combats boredom and contributes to overall fitness. |
| | 10 | | Ρ5 | | | | | | 3. Complement occasionally with other sports: walking, running, swimming, etc. | |
| Mar | 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | | | | < | | | | | |
| | 13 | | | | | | | | ON THE BIKE | ON THE BIKE |
| | 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | | PC1 | | | | | | Aerobic endurance: continuing long low-intensity rides, progressing to a 10h ride by mid-June. | Long rides are needed to push the limits of your aerobic endurance. Avoid intensity (=fatigue) |
| Apr | 16 | | | | $\mathbf{\vee}$ | | | | 2. Recovery: 1-2 very easy rides/week | 2. One or two short, easy rides during the week will help recovery |
| | 17 | | | | | | | | 3. Recovery week: reduce the training load by >50% | 3. Proper recovery every 2-3 weeks is essential to absorb the training load |
| | 18 | | PCZ | | | | Test your equipment and nutrition/hydration options | 4. All new equipment or nutrition must be tested now to avoid disaster in July. | | |
| | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| May | 20 | | | | < | | | | OFF THE BIKE | OFF THE BIKE |
| - / | 21 | | PC3 | | | | | | 1. Strength maintenance 1/week. Flexibility and stretching: 20 mins 2-3/week 1. Maintaining flexibility is vital 2. Other activities: optional (swim, walk) 2. Other activities: as desired to maintain motivation. | Maintaining flexibility is vital Other activities: as desired to maintain motivation. Sleep and nutrition are essential for recovery and adaptation |
| | 22 | | | | | | | 5 | | |
| | 23 | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| Jun | 24 | | | <u> </u> | | | | - | | 4. Traverand stress will negatively affect your ability to train and adapt. |
| | 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 20 | Competition | | <u> </u> | | | | | Taper: reduce volume by 25% two or three weeks out and by 50% or more the last | Reduce fatigue: increase form while maintaining fitness |
| | 27 | | | | | | | | week. | |
| JUI | 28 | | | | | | | | | |

* Your training volume can be counted in hours or in Training Stress Score (TSS) points. In this chart 5 represents the maximum (which might be 15-20 hrs) and 1 represents the minimum (which might be 4-5 hrs)



2023 FRAMEWORK TRAINING PLAN FOR THE TOUR DU MONT BLANC FIG. 2: SUGGESTED WORKOUTS

| Month | Week | Macro cycle | Meso | 1 | raining | load (| volume) | * | Typical training week. |
|-------|------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|---------|---------|-----------|---|--|
| wonth | | | cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Typical training week. |
| Nov | 44 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | 45 | | | | | | | | The workouts are in order of priority: do the first ones first. Only do a high-intensity workout on a day when you feel fresh and ready (ideally, you |
| | 46 | | 54 | | | | | | monitor this with your RHR (Resting Heart Rate) and HRV (heart Rate Variability) measured first thing in the morning. |
| | 47 | Preparation (Polarised) | P1 | | | | | | |
| | 48 | | | | | 5 | | | HIGH VOLUME WEEKS (POLARISED 90/10) |
| Dec | 49 | | | 1 | | | | | 1. Low intensity long ride, starting at 2-3hrs and progressing to 6-7hrs. This ride should feel very easy (at least for the first 2-3h) |
| | 50 | | | | | | | | 2. Second low intensity ride 2-3 hrs, progressing to 3-5hrs (with focus on technical limiters) |
| 500 | 50 | | P2 | | | | | | 3. Short HIT session e.g. 8 x [1'25 – 1'21], or Tabata type intervals e.g. 3 blocks of 12 x 20/10 or 30/15, with 5' between blocls. At least 15' warm-up and |
| | 52 | | | | | | | | cool-down. |
| | | | | | | | | | 4. Third low intensity ride 2-3 hrs |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | 5. Recovery ride 1hr |
| Jan | 2 | | P4 | | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | | | | RECOVERY WEEKS 1. Low intensity ride, starting at 1-2hrs and progressing to 2-3hrs |
| | 4 | | | | | く | | | 2. Second low intensity ride, 1-2 hrs |
| | 5 | | | | | | | | 3. Third low intensity ride, 1-2 hrs |
| Гор | 6 | | P4 | | | | | | |
| Feb | 7 | | F4 | | | | | | STRENGTH & CONDITIONING |
| | 8 | | | | | | | | 1. Gym session mostly focused on core strength and leg strength. Get advice from a specialist. |
| | 9 | | | | < | | | | 2. Stretching (e.g. Pilates or Yoga) |
| | 10 | | P5 | | | | | | 3. Second gym session. |
| Mar | 11 | | | | | | ζ | | 4. Second stretching session |
| | 12 | | | | | | | | |
| | 13 | | | | | | | | |
| - | 14 | Pre-competition (Polarised) | PC1 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | HIGH VOLUME WEEKS |
| Apr | 15 | | | | | | | _ | Low intensity long ride, 6-7hrs, progressing to 10hrs in one ride by mid-June, as much climbing as possible Second low intensity long ride, 2-3hrs, progressing to 5-6hrs, including climbs |
| | 16 | | | | | | | | 2. Second for methody long field, 2 sins, progressing to 5 ons, metading similars 3. Recovery ride 1-thrs (fat) |
| | 17 | | | | | | | _ | 4. Second recovery ride 1-2hrs (flat) |
| | 18 | | PC2 | | | 7 | | | |
| | 19 | | | | | | | | RECOVERY WEEKS: As per Preparation phase |
| May | 20 | | | | V | | | | STRENGTH & CONDITIONING |
| | 21 | | РСЗ | | | ' | \sim | | 1. One leg and core strength maintenance session per week. |
| | 22 | | | | | | | | 2. One or better two stretching sessions (e.g. Pilates or Yoga) |
| | 23 | | | | | | | | |
| | 24 | | | | ٧ | | | | GENERAL: Maximise your sleep time and quality; ensure high-quality nutrition; keep travel and stress to a minimum |
| Jun | 25 | | | | | | | | |
| | 26 | | | | | | | | |
| | 20 | Competition | | | | | | | Two or three week progressive taper in which you reduce the volume by 50%. |
| | | | | | | | | | Plan to arrive at Les Saisies 2-3 days in advance. |
| JUI | 28 | | | | | | - (TCC) - | | |

* Your training volume can be counted in hours or in Training Stress Score (TSS) points. In this chart 5 represents the maximum (which might be 15-20 hrs) and 1 represents the minimum (which might be 4-5 hrs)